

# SPECIAL RELATIVITY AND CLASSICAL FIELD THEORY

LECTURE AND TUTORIAL – PROF. DR. HAYE HINRICHSSEN – MAXIMILIAN ZEMSCH – SS 2021

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Electrically charged cat as a source field [Wikimedia].

## EXERCISE 8.1: COMPLEX CHARGED SCALAR FIELD (12P)

Let us consider a complex field  $\phi, \phi^*$  with the Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = -(\partial_\mu \phi)^*(\partial^\mu \phi) = -(\partial_\mu \phi^*)(\partial^\mu \phi),$$

treating  $\phi(\mathbf{x})$  and  $\phi^*(\mathbf{x})$  as independent fields. As one can see, this Lagrangian is invariant under global  $U(1)$  transformations  $\phi(\mathbf{x}) \rightarrow \tilde{\phi}(\mathbf{x}) = \phi(\mathbf{x})e^{i\theta}$ , where  $\theta$  does not depend on  $\mathbf{x}$ .

- Prove that the corresponding Noether current is  $j^\mu = i\phi^*(\partial^\mu \phi) - i\phi(\partial^\mu \phi)^*$ . (2P)
- Now let us instead consider *local*  $U(1)$  transformations  $\phi(\mathbf{x}) \rightarrow \tilde{\phi}(\mathbf{x}) = \phi(\mathbf{x})e^{i\theta(\mathbf{x})}$ , where  $\theta(\mathbf{x})$  is now a function of  $\mathbf{x}$ . Confirm that the Lagrangian  $\mathcal{L} = -(\partial_\mu \phi)^*(\partial^\mu \phi)$  is generally *not* invariant under such local transformations. (1P)
- Replace the partial derivatives in the Lagrangian by so-called *covariant derivatives*

$$\partial^\mu \rightarrow D^\mu = \partial^\mu - iA^\mu(\mathbf{x}),$$

where  $A^\mu(\mathbf{x})$  is the electromagnetic potential. Find a transformation

$$A^\mu(\mathbf{x}) \rightarrow \tilde{A}^\mu(\mathbf{x}) = A^\mu(\mathbf{x}) + f^\mu(\mathbf{x})$$

such that for given  $\theta(\mathbf{x})$  the Lagrangian  $\mathcal{L} = -(D_\mu \phi)^*(D^\mu \phi)$  is invariant under local  $U(1)$  transformations. How can we interpret the transformation of  $A^\mu(\mathbf{x})$ ? (3P)

- Consider now the combined Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4\mu_0}F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} - (D_\mu \phi)^*(D^\mu \phi)$$

and determine the equations of motion for  $\phi, \phi^*$ , and  $A_\nu$  in Lorenz gauge. (3P)

- Show that the Noether current of this Lagrangian with respect to local  $U(1)$  transformations is now given by  $J^\mu = i\phi^*(D^\mu \phi) - i\phi(D^\mu \phi)^*$ , reducing the equation of motion for the vector potential to  $\square A^\mu = \mu_0 J^\mu$ . (2P)
- Verify that the Noether current is conserved, that is,  $\partial_\mu J^\mu = 0$ . To this end evaluate  $\partial_\mu J^\mu$  and insert the equations of motion obtained in (d). (1P)

( $\Sigma = 12P$ )

Please submit your solution as a single pdf file via WueCampus. Deadline is Friday, June 11 at 12:00.